

METATARSAL GUARD

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention concerns a metatarsal guard which is located in the upper of a safety shoe or work boot, for protecting the metatarsal region of the wearer's foot from injury caused by the impact of a falling object.

2. Description of the Prior Art

Safety shoes and work boots are commonly required to protect industrial workers from injury to the foot caused by falling objects. Most safety shoes incorporate a box toe, formed of steel, hardened plastic or other suitable material, to protect the wearer's toes from falling objects. Metatarsal, or instep, guards are also provided to protect the wearer's metatarsal arch, or instep.

U.S. Pat. No. 5,457,898 issued to Fortin et al discloses a plastic metatarsal guard inserted in a safety shoe upper. The guard comprises an arch extending over the wearer's instep from the sole of the shoe on one side of the wearer's foot to the sole on the other side of the wearer's foot. The rear portion of the metatarsal guard protects the metatarsal region of the wearer's foot from the impact of falling objects by absorbing the impact. The metatarsal guard disclosed in the patent is relatively involved compared to the simple, but effective, metatarsal guard of the present invention. Thus, for example, the metatarsal guard disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,457,898 includes longitudinal tongues formed by longitudinal slits which spread apart to follow the movement of the foot and to enhance the flexibility of the metatarsal guard during walking.

Furthermore, to compensate for the loss in impact absorption caused by the longitudinal slits, the metatarsal guard requires an integral flap which folds over the top surface of the longitudinal slits.

The metatarsal guard of U.S. Pat. No. 5,457,898, like the metatarsal guard of the present invention, allows the load from a falling object to be transmitted from the metatarsal guard to the sole of the footwear. The arch extending over the wearer's instep in U.S. Pat. No. 5,457,898 is much wider than the arch of the present invention and indeed, the arch disclosed in the patent is so wide that two relatively long side slits are required to facilitate flexing of the metatarsal guard during walking, and to facilitate flexing of the wearer's foot in the crouching position. The metatarsal guard disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,457,898, like the metatarsal guard of the present invention, includes a forward position which extends over the top surface of a toe cap so that the loads from a falling object are also transmitted to the toe cap. U.S. Pat. No. 4,237,170 issued to Griswold also discloses a rather complex metatarsal guard comprising a plurality of elongated generally arched-shaped transversely extending rigid strips which are articulated together to provide a protector assembly.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with the present invention, a simple, flexible metatarsal guard is provided of sufficient rigidity and strength to meet the present industrial requirements for impact resistant safety shoes. More specifically, in accordance with the present invention, there is disclosed herein a unitary one piece metatarsal guard to be inserted in the upper of a safety shoe of simple, but effective construction. The metatarsal guard has a molded convex arch portion over the wearer's instep extending from the rear of the wearer's toes to the top of the wearer's instep and integrally

molded concave right and left support legs overlying a shoe sole with the leg supports extending on opposite sides of the wearer's foot.

It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide a flexible metatarsal guard of simple construction which is of sufficient rigidity and strength to meet the present industrial requirements for impact resistant safety shoes.

This and other objects, advantages and features of the present invention will become apparent upon consideration of the following description and drawings of a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In the drawings:

FIG. 1 is a perspective, partial sectional view, of a safety shoe comprising a metatarsal guard in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a perspective view of a metatarsal guard in accordance with the present invention; and

FIG. 3 is a side, sectional view of the safety shoe shown in FIG. 1 and wherein a portion of the safety shoe upper is cut away.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

The safety shoe 2 shown in FIGS. 1 and 3 comprises an upper 4, a sole 6, and a conventional toe cap 8, the latter of which may be made of steel, plastic or other materials which

will protect the wearer's toes from falling objects. A unitary one piece molded metatarsal guard 10 is embedded within upper 4. The metatarsal guard 10 is shown in Fig. 3 in which a double layer of dense foam 11 is cemented to the bottom surface of metatarsal guard 10. A vamp lining not shown extends beneath the double layer of dense foam 11. A tongue 13 including a foam 15 therein extends over part of the top surface of metatarsal guard 10. The remaining part of the top surface of metatarsal guard 10 is covered by a foam layer 17 having a cloth backing 19 thereon. Cloth backing 19 is cemented to the interior of upper 4. Vamp lining 21 is shown in the cutaway portion of upper 4.

Metatarsal guard 10 is a unitary one piece member molded from slightly flexible plastic material. While various plastic materials may be used, it has been found desirable to form metatarsal guard 10 of high impact thermoplastic acrylonitrile butadiene styrene, known as ABS. The metatarsal guard 10 includes a solid convex arch portion 16 which conforms to the natural shape of the wearer's instep or metatarsal region. The convex arch portion 16 lies over the wearer's instep and extends from the rear of the wearer's toes to the top of the wearer's instep. A solid right concave support leg 18 and a solid left concave support leg 20 are integrally molded with convex arch portion 16 and extend on opposite sides of the wearer's foot. Right and left support legs 18 and 20 have their ends terminating at a position to bear against sole 6, in the event of an object falling on metatarsal guard 10. In that manner the load from a falling object is transmitted from the metatarsal guard 10 to the sole 6. In the preferred embodiment, the surfaces 18 and 20 are of less width than the width of arch portion 16. The forward portion of convex arch portion 16 includes integrally molded lip 22 which overlies and is secured to the rear of toe cap 8 by cement. In that manner the load from an object falling on metatarsal guard 10 will be

transmitted, in part, to toe cap 8.

It will thus be understood that the metatarsal guard 10 acts to protect the wearer's foot from falling objects and that the load of the falling object is transmitted to the sole 6 and toe cap 8. Testing of the simple, flexible metatarsal guard 10 of the present invention has shown that footwear including the metatarsal guard 10 of the present invention complies with ANSI Standard Z-41-1999 of the American National Standards Institute for Class 75 footwear.

Although the present invention has been described hereinabove by way of a preferred embodiment, this embodiment can be modified within the scope of the appended claims, without departing from the spirit and nature of the subject invention.

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